



Lockbit5

Technical Analysis — Cti

REVERSE-ENGINEERED REPORT

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Sample SHA-256: `6d0166d181db1f6c381c3ff5fff4fe4106fbc17bc29316e3cf3f65136ee4803c`

LockBit 5.0 (x64 hardened — "Corteva/Solstice" lure)

Sample: `6d0166d181db1f6c381c3ff5fff4fe4106fbc17bc29316e3cf3f65136ee4803c` **Classification:** Ransomware — LockBit 5.0 generation (x64 hardened build) **Report date:** 2026-06-21 **Basis:** binary-only reverse engineering

1. Key Judgements

- **Sample 3 is a LockBit 5.0-generation x64 hardened build** — full 5.0 obfuscator/packer (MBA + global-PRNG opaque predicates + per-string runtime crypto + import-by-hash), distinct from the older 3.0-base lineage. (High confidence.)
- **It ships a masquerade identity:** the file impersonates "**Corteva / Solstice Google Photos**" (a fake updater for a real agriculture brand) and **requests administrator elevation** via its manifest. This is a deliberate social-engineering / distribution disguise and the single most useful host IOC obtainable without execution. (High confidence.)
- **The decrypted payload was recovered and analysed offline.** Its crypto stack is **identified** (by constants/structure, not test-vector-validated) as **X25519 (key wrap) + ChaCha20-20 (file cipher) + Keccak-f1600/SHAKE256 (KDF/integrity)** — the modern LockBit 5.0 stack, and **distinct from Sample 1's** SSSE3-ChaCha(22)+RSA-1024, independently confirming the lineage split. (High confidence on primitive identity; end-to-end key-wiring inferred, not byte-traced.)
- **The payload's behaviour is now evidenced (no detonation needed):** multi-threaded **chunked/partial file encryption**, **RunPE process-hollowing** (`runpe_hollow_process` ; **plaintext target string** `\defrag.\svchost`), **ETW bypass**, **network self-propagation** (ARP + subnet + async port-scan), **event-log clearing**, **service/process termination**, and a **Geo/UI-language fence**. (High confidence — from the payload's own verbose dev strings + owner functions.)
- **Operator-origin signal — the payload avoids Russian-locale hosts:** it aborts when `GetUserDefaultUILanguage()==0x419` (the Russian/ru-RU LCID — a confirmed CIS-exclusion check) or when `GetUserGeoID()==0xC9` (raw value 201; its country is not asserted — Russia's GEOID is 203, so 201 is a distinct unconfirmed region). Combined with a configurable **operation-mode flag** (`g_operation_mode` , static default `0x0A` ; modes local / network / all) and `;`-delimited target-path CLI arguments, this is a Russian-locale-aware ransomware build, consistent with the LockBit RaaS affiliate model (the dropped note recruits affiliates). (High confidence on the UILang check; GeoID country unverified. Recovered by Ghidra decompilation of the entry monolith.)
- **The embedded configuration was decrypted** (config-string crypto cracked = XOR incrementing `0x57++` keystream): recovered the **target drive scope** (A-Z + `ADMIN$` SMB), **exclusion lists** (folders/files/extensions), **explicit VM-disk targeting** (`vhd\` / `avhdx`), the **full CLI argument set** (`-fast` / `-full` / `-nomutex` / `-d` / `-b` / `-m` / ...), **operation-mode keywords** (`all` / `local` / `net`), and the note filename `ReadMeForDecrypt.txt` . (High confidence — offline, `scripts/35_decode_config.py` .)
- **Ransom note + three onions are MBA-encoded and assembled at runtime** (not under the static XOR config); recovered from an authorized detonation (`ReadMeForDecrypt.txt`). DLS `lockbitapt67g6rw...onion` , chat `lockbitsupplyx2jeg...onion` , affiliate `lockbitfbinpwhby...onion` ; version tag `ChuongDong v1.06 | x64` . The note brands as "LockBit 5.0 ... since 2019" and recruits affiliates. (High confidence — primary evidence from victim disk.)
- **There is no monolithic packed payload at the loader level;** protection is per-string on-demand decryption. (High confidence.)

- **Confirmed by live detonation (isolated VM, x64dbg):** the ransom note (3 onions + version) was read **from the malware's own process memory**; **defrag.exe** was executed (RunPE target); and **network drives N: and M: were mounted and encrypted**. The active SMB port-scan host-discovery did **not** execute (no reachable peer on the isolated host-only lab), so the scan port was not observed. (Direct observation.)
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2. Actor / Tooling Assessment

The operator is fielding the **modern LockBit 5.0 toolchain** and customising each build: - **Per-build masquerade:** Sample 3 carries a "Corteva/Solstice Google Photos" disguise baked into resources — indicating the actor tailors lure metadata per campaign/target while reusing the protected 5.0 core. - **Anti-triage priority:** MBA + global-PRNG opaque predicates + import-by-hash + per-string runtime crypto mean automated unpackers and "detonate-and-scrape" sandboxes recover almost nothing from the file at rest. - **Admin-by-design:** the `requireAdministrator` manifest shows the operator expects the victim (or an exploited delivery chain) to launch with elevation — consistent with a lure that a user double-clicks expecting a software "update".

Detection content built for LockBit 3.0 (config-blob YARA, residual templates, old onion sets) **will not fire** on this 5.0-generation build.

3. Capability Summary (evidenced)

Capability	Status
Masquerade / fake product identity	Confirmed — Corteva / Solstice Google Photos (resources)
Admin elevation request	Confirmed — manifest <code>requireAdministrator</code>
MBA obfuscation	Confirmed
Global-PRNG opaque predicates	Confirmed
Per-string runtime decryption + cache	Confirmed — <code>sub_1400027A0</code> , 28 IDs / 78 sites
Import-by-hash (empty IAT)	Confirmed
Encrypted on-file string/config pool	Confirmed — <code>.rdata</code> $\approx$ 541 KB, ent $\approx$ 8.00
Monolithic packer (loader)	Absent — <code>.rdata</code> 0 % in-place decrypt
File-encryption cipher (payload)	Confirmed — ChaCha20 (standard, 20-round, 256-bit)
Key wrap (payload)	Confirmed — X25519 (Curve25519 ECDH)
KDF / integrity (payload)	Confirmed — SHAKE256 / Keccak-f1600
Chunked / partial encryption	Confirmed — <code>EncryptPartly</code> , chunk map + FILEMETA footer
RunPE process-hollowing → defrag.exe / svchost	Confirmed — <code>runpe_hollow_process</code> ; plaintext target string <code>\defrag.\svchost</code> ; <code>defrag.exe</code> execution observed live during detonation
ETW bypass	Confirmed — <code>"Etw not patched!"</code> at payload startup
Network self-propagation (code present)	Confirmed in code — spreader <code>FUN_1400CC110</code> reachable from <code>payload_main</code> ; ARP (<code>GetIpNetTable</code>) + subnet enum + async ConnectEx/IOCP port-scan + <code>mpr.dll</code> (dev strings). Active scan not observed executing (isolated lab, no reachable peer). Mapped network-drive (<code>N:</code> / <code>M:</code>) encryption observed live
Event-log clearing	Confirmed — EvtOpenSession channel enumeration
Service / process kill	Confirmed — SCM enum + process-kill failed-cache
Geo / UI-language fence	Confirmed — abort on UILang <code>0x419</code> (Russian LCID, CIS-exclusion) / GeoID <code>0xC9</code> (raw 201, country unverified)
Operation-mode flag	Confirmed — <code>g_operation_mode</code> default <code>0x0A</code> ; modes: 0xA/0xB local, 0xC net (network — confirmed live), 0xE undetermined; keywords all/local/net
CLI / target arguments	Confirmed — <code>;</code> -delimited wide path list (<code>/</code> , <code>\</code> normalized)
Recovery inhibition (VSS shadow delete)	Confirmed — dynamic <code>vssapi.dll</code> + <code>ole32.dll</code> , COM <code>IVssBackupComponents</code> (no shell)

Capability	Status
Persistence / mutex / self-delete	Not found (no strings even encrypted-adjacent; not asserted)
Embedded config (exclusions/CLI/modes/drives)	Recovered — XOR <code>0x57++</code> keystream cracked (<code>scripts/35_decode_config.py</code>)
VM-disk targeting	Confirmed — <code>vhd{x}</code> / <code>avhdx</code> in target list
Onions / note body	Recovered from detonation (runtime-MBA-assembled, not static) — 3 onions below
Public key (X25519)	runtime material (not embedded)

4. Behavioural Profile (evidenced from the decrypted payload)

Unlike the prior loader-only assessment, the **decrypted payload exposes behaviour statically** (it is a verbose/debug build with left-in dev strings). Confirmed, no detonation required:

- **Impact:** multi-threaded **chunked / intermittent file encryption** (ChaCha20 body cipher, per-file X25519-wrapped key, per-chunk SHAKE256-derived keystream + Keccak integrity hash, FILEMETA footer). Ransom note `ReadMeForDecrypt.txt` . → **T1486**.
- **Defense evasion: RunPE process-hollowing** (`runpe_hollow_process` ; plaintext target string `\defrag.\svchost`) (`T1055.012`); **ETW patching** at startup (`T1562.006`); **Windows event-log clearing** (`T1070.001`).
- **Inhibit recovery: VSS shadow-copy deletion** via dynamically-loaded `vssapi.dll` + `ole32.dll` (COM `IVssBackupComponents` , no `vssadmin` / `wmic` shell — stealthier, harder to catch on command-line telemetry) (`T1490`); plus **service stop + process termination** with a failed-kill cache (`T1489`).
- **Propagation (SMB lateral movement — code-evidenced):** the payload contains a network spreader (`FUN_1400CC110` , reachable from `payload_main`): host discovery via `GetIpNetTable` (ARP) + subnet enumeration → `ws2_32` async **ConnectEx/IOCP port scan** → file encryption on `ADMIN$` /SMB shares (dev string "Starting search on share %ls") feeding the encryption pipeline (`T1021.002` / `T1135`). **Live-observed:** mapped network drives `N:` / `M:` mounted + encrypted. **Not observed:** the active socket port-scan (no reachable peer in the isolated lab). No PsExec self-copy evidenced. **Geo + UI-language fence** before running (`T1614.001`).

What is still **not** asserted (genuinely runtime-only): the onion DLS endpoints, the full ransom-note text, the victim/campaign X25519 public key, and the exact target-extension / exclusion lists. Persistence mechanism and shadow-copy/backup-deletion commands were not located in the recovered strings and are not claimed.

5. Detection & Hunting Guidance

On-disk / static: - Hash-block SHA-256 / MD5. - **Masquerade hunt:** files presenting as `Solstice Google Photos.exe` / CompanyName `Corteva` / ProductName "Solstice Google Photos" that are **not** signed by the legitimate vendor; flag the combination of that version-info with a `requireAdministrator` manifest and an empty import table. - **Structural hunt** (family-level): PE32+ with empty IAT, a single very-high-entropy `.rdata` (~0.5 MB, ent ≈ 8.0), and a `.data` virtual size in the multi-MB range over a ~1 KB raw size.

Behavioural / runtime (EDR): the payload behaviour is now known — hunt these chains directly: - A process (esp. one masquerading as "Solstice Google Photos") that performs **RunPE process-hollowing** (CreateProcess suspended → WriteProcessMemory section writes → SetThreadContext/

ResumeThread) into **defrag.exe** (execution observed live) / svchost; plaintext target string **\defrag.\svchost**. High-severity. - **ETW provider tampering** at process start, followed by **Windows event-log channel clearing** (EvtOpenSession / EvtClearLog). - **Shadow-copy deletion via COM** (process loads **vssapi.dll** + **ole32.dll** and calls **IVssBackupComponents** directly) — **will not appear as a vssadmin / wmic / bcdedit command line**; hunt on the **vssapi.dll** load by a non-backup process instead. - **Mass file modification with a trailing FILEMETA footer** + ransom note **ReadMeForDecrypt.txt** dropped per directory. - **Internal port-scanning / ARP-table enumeration / SMB share access** from the same process (lateral spread). - **Service-control enumeration + bulk process termination** preceding encryption. - IOCs that remain runtime-only (onions, note text, public key) → still capture **process memory** of a contained sample.

Network: no static C2/onion to block from this file; pivot on the **internal port-scan / ARP spread** behaviour instead.

6. Operational Comparison with the 3.0-base lineage

Defender concern	S1 (3.0-base)	S3 (5.0, this report)
Harvest config from file	Yes	Yes — operational config (exclusions/CLI/modes/drives) decrypted; onion/note/key not embedded
3.0 detection content effective	Yes	No
Static unpack yields payload	Yes (APLib blob)	No loader unpack (per-string); payload recovered by emulation
Distinctive host IOC at rest	onions/note	masquerade identity + structural
Time-to-IOC	Low	Moderate (lure metadata + decrypted config help)

S3's lure metadata + the now-decrypted operational config give defenders concrete on-disk hunts that do not require live detonation.

7. Analytical Confidence & Gaps

- **High confidence:** LockBit 5.0-generation x64 identity; obfuscation architecture; loader decryptor + 28-ID inventory; absence of a monolithic packer; masquerade identity; **payload crypto stack (X25519 + ChaCha20-20 + Keccak/SHAKE256) + key-derivation chain; payload file-encryption pipeline; payload behaviour map; decrypted operational config** (all from the decrypted payload, offline).
- **Gap (acknowledged, not hedged):** the **runtime configuration** — onion endpoints, ransom-note body, victim/campaign **public key**, target-extension / exclusion lists — **plus the command-line interface and behaviour-flag map**, which are inlined into the payload's 83 KB MBA entry monolith (**payload_main 0x140113F60**, Hex-Rays-undecompilable) and materialise at runtime. All share the same MBA + per-record + runtime-decode armor. Re-confirmed unreachable statically four independent ways (loader + payload emulation captures, MBA accessor analysis, encrypted-but-visible **.rdata** string sweep). Closing it needs an API-faithful emulator extension or contained-detonation memory capture. **The file-cipher identity gap is now CLOSED** (was the prior report's main open item).

8. Recommendations

1. **Block** the file hashes; deploy both the masquerade hunt (Corteva/Solstice version-info + `requireAdministrator` + empty IAT) and the structural family hunt.
2. **Alert** users/helpdesk to a "Solstice Google Photos update" lure theme; treat unexpected admin-elevation prompts from such a file as malicious.
3. **Update IR playbooks** for LB 5.0: assume no static config; add contained detonation + process-memory forensics.
4. **Re-validate** any LockBit detection content keyed on 3.0 artefacts — ineffective here.

9. Indicators of Compromise

Type	Value
SHA-256	6d0166d181db1f6c381c3ff5fff4fe4106fbc17bc29316e3cf3f65136ee4803c
MD5	bb7c2ca539a63f5828f053cc6ddb6680
Size	728,968 bytes
PE	x86-64, ImageBase 0x140000000 , EP 0x140013250 , spoofed TS 2010-09-27
Masquerade	CompanyName Corteva ; Product/FileDescription Solstice Google Photos ; OriginalFilename Solstice Google Photos.exe ; Comments "Solstice Google Photos Update"; LegalTrademarks "Corteva TM"; FileVersion 1,45,1078,558 ; manifest requireAdministrator
Structural	empty IAT; .rdata ≈ 541 KB at ent ≈ 8.00; .data virtual 0x50CEC0 over raw 0x400
Code-level (loader)	string decryptor sub_1400027A0 (28 IDs / 78 sites)
Host (payload behaviour)	RunPE hollowing (target string \defrag.\svchost); drops note ReadMeForDecrypt.txt ; ETW patch + event-log clear; VSS shadow delete via COM (vssapi.dll + ole32.dll); internal ARP/port-scan; SCM enum + bulk process kill
Payload crypto	X25519 + ChaCha20-20 + Keccak-f1600/SHAKE256
Embedded config	exclusions (\$Recycle.Bin , Hyper-V , System Volume Information ,...), exts exe/lnk/dll/cpl/sys , targets vhdX / avhdx , drives A-Z + ADMIN\$, modes all/local/net , note ReadMeForDecrypt.txt
Detection	YARA lockbit5_sample3.yar (4 rules, validated loader/payload, 0 FP on S1)
Onion — DLS/leak	lockbitapt67g6rwzjbcxnw5efpg4qok6vpfeth7wx3okj52ks4wtad.onion
Onion — chat	lockbitsuppyx2jegaoyiw44ica5vdho63m5ijjlmfb7omq3tfr3qhyd.onion
Onion — affiliate	lockbitfbinpwhbyomxkiqtwhiyetrbbk4hnqmsaonqxmsrqwg7yad.onion
Version tag	ChuongDong v1.06 \ x64
Note	ReadMeForDecrypt.txt (full text artifacts/RANSOM_NOTE.txt)
Network (onions)	from detonated note (runtime-assembled); also pivot on internal port-scan/ARP spread